

# PERTEMUAN 6

## KALKULUS DASAR

Program Studi Informatika  
Universitas Indraprasta PGRI

# Turunan fungsi Aljabar

- ❖ Rumus turunan fungsi pangkat  
 $f(x) = x^n$  maka  $f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$
- ❖ Rumus turunan hasil kali fungsi  
 $f(x) = u(x) \cdot v(x)$  maka  $f'(x) = u'v + v'u$
- ❖ Rumus turunan fungsi pembagian  
 $f(x) = \frac{u(x)}{v(x)}$  maka  $f'(x) = \frac{u'v - v'u}{v^2}$
- ❖ Rumus turunan fungsi pangkat  
 $f(x) = (u(x))^n$  maka  $f'(x) = nu(n-1)u'$

## Contoh Soal

1. Tentukan turunan dari  $f(x) = 3x^2$

Jawab

Gunakan rumus turunan fungsi pangkat sehingga

$$f'(x) = 3(2)x^{2-1}$$

$$f'(x) = 6x$$

2. Tentukan turunan dari  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2x$

Jawab

Gunakan rumus turunan fungsi pangkat sehingga

$$f'(x) = 5(2)x^{2-1} + 2$$

$$f'(x) = 10x + 2$$

$$3. f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

Jawab

$$f(x) = x^{-2}$$

$$f'(x) = -2x^{-2-1}$$

$$f'(x) = -2x^{-3}$$

$$4. f(x) = (2x + 5)(3x - 1)$$

Jawab

Gunakan rumus fungsi perkalian

Misalkan

$$u = 2x + 5 \text{ maka } u' = 2$$

$$v = 3x - 1 \text{ maka } v' = 3$$

$$f(x) = u(x) \cdot v(x) \text{ maka } f'(x) = u'v + v'u$$

$$f'(x) = u'v + v'u$$

$$f'(x) = 2(3x - 1) + 3(2x + 5)$$

$$f'(x) = 6x - 2 + 6x + 15$$

$$f'(x) = 12x + 13$$

Turunan pertama dari fungsi  $f(x) = \frac{(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(x-4)^2}$  adalah...

$$f'(x) = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}(x+13)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (x-4)^2 - (x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2(x-4)}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}(x-4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x-4) \left( \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}} (x-4) - 2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}(x-4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x-4) \left( \frac{(x-4)}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}} - 2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)}{(x-4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x-4) \left( \frac{(x-4)}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}} - \frac{4(x+13)}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right)}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}(x-4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x-4) \left( \frac{(x-4) - 4x - 52}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right)}{(x-4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-3x - 56}{(x-4)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{-3x - 56}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}(x-4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-3x - 56}{2(x+13)^{\frac{1}{2}}(x-4)^2} = \frac{-3x - 56}{2\sqrt{x+13}(x-4)^2}$$

Jika  $y = \frac{x-3}{x+3}$ ,  $x$  tidak sama dengan nol,  
maka  $y^1 = \dots$

A.  $\frac{-6}{(x+3)^2}$

B.  $\frac{6}{(x+3)^2}$

C.  $\frac{2x}{(x+3)^2}$

D.  $\frac{-2x}{(x+3)^2}$

E.  $\frac{6-2x}{(x+3)^2}$

### Pembahasan

$$U = x - 3$$

$$V = x + 3$$

$$U^1 = 1$$

$$V^1 = 1$$

$$y^1 = \frac{U^1 V - U V^1}{V^2}$$

$$y^1 = \frac{1(x+3) - (x-3)1}{x+3-x+3}$$

$$y^1 = \frac{(x+3)^2}{6}$$

$$y^1 = \frac{(x+3)^2}{(x+3)^2}$$

### *Contoh 1*

$$f(x) = (2x - 1)(3x + 2) \text{ maka}$$

$$U = 2x - 1 \text{ maka } U' = 2$$

$$V = 3x + 2 \text{ maka } V' = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= U'V + V'U \\ &= 2(3x + 2) + 3(2x - 1) \\ &= 6x + 4 + 6x - 3 \\ &= 12x + 1 \end{aligned}$$

### *Contoh 2*

$$f(x) = \frac{(2x-1)}{(3x+2)} \text{ maka}$$

$$U = 2x - 1 \text{ maka } U' = 2$$

$$V = 3x + 2 \text{ maka } V' = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{U'V - V'U}{V^2} \\ &= \frac{2(3x+2) - 3(2x-1)}{(3x+2)^2} \\ &= \frac{6x+4 - 6x+3}{(3x+2)^2} \\ &= \frac{7}{(3x+2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

# Contoh soal

Turunan pertama dari  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{2x^3 - 1}$  adalah

Pembahasan 1:

Soal ini merupakan fungsi yang berbentuk  $y = au^n$  yang dapat diselesaikan dengan menggunakan rumus  $y' = n \cdot a \cdot u^{n-1} \cdot u'$ . Maka:

$$f(x) = 4\sqrt{2x^3 - 1} = 4(2x^3 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Sehingga turunannya:

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4(2x^3 - 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 6x^2 \\ &= 2(2x^3 - 1) \cdot 6x^2 \\ &= 12x^2(2x^3 - 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \frac{12x^2}{(2x^3 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \\ &= \frac{12x^2}{\sqrt{2x^3 - 1}} \end{aligned}$$

Activit  
Cara

Latihan Soal: Tentukan turunan pertama dari :

$$f(x) = 3$$

$$f(x) = 2x$$

$$f(x) = 5x^3$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^4 + 5x^3 - 7x + 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + 11x^2 - 12x + 10$$

$$f(x) = 3\sqrt{x}$$

$$f(x) = 5\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$f(x) = (2x - 5)(x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 1)$$

$$f(x) = 5\sqrt{x} + 10x - \sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$f(x) = (3x^2 - 1)(4x - 7)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x^2 + 3}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 5}{x - 3}$$